PAPER-1

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 183

READ THE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

GENERAL

- 1. This sealed booklet is your Question Paper. Do not break the seal till you are told to do so.
- The paper CODE is printed on the right hand top corner of this sheet and the right hand top corner of the back cover of this booklet.
- Use the Optical Response Sheet (ORS) provided separately for answering the questions.
- 4. The paper CODE is printed on the left part as well as the right part of the ORS. Ensure that both these codes are identical and same as that on the question paper booklet. If not, contact the invigilator for change of ORS.
- 5. Blank spaces are provided within this booklet for rough work.
- Write your name, roll number and sign in the space provided on the back cover of this booklet.
- After breaking the seal of the booklet at 9:00 am, verify that the booklet contains 36 pages
 and that all the 54 questions along with the options are legible. If not, contact the invigilator
 for replacement of the booklet.
- 8. You are allowed to take away the Question Paper at the end of the examination.

OPTICAL RESPONSE SHEET

- The ORS (top sheet) will be provided with an attached Candidate's Sheet (bottom sheet). The Candidate's Sheet is a carbon-less copy of the ORS.
- Darken the appropriate bubbles on the ORS by applying sufficient pressure. This will leave an impression at the corresponding place on the Candidate's Sheet.
- The ORS will be collected by the invigilator at the end of the examination.
- 12. You will be allowed to take away the Candidate's Sheet at the end of the examination.
- 13. Do not tamper with or mutilate the ORS. Do not use the ORS for rough work.
- 14. Write your name, roll number and code of the examination center, and sign with pen in the space provided for this purpose on the ORS. Do not write any of these details anywhere else on the ORS. Darken the appropriate bubble under each digit of your roll number.

DARKENING THE BUBBLES ON THE ORS

- 15. Use a BLACK BALL POINT PEN to darken the bubbles on the ORS.
- 16. Darken the bubble COMPLETELY.
- 17. The correct way of darkening a bubble is as :
- 18. The ORS is machine-gradable. Ensure that the bubbles are darkened in the correct way.
- Darken the bubbles ONLY IF you are sure of the answer. There is NO WAY to erase or "un-darken" a darkened bubble.

Please see the last page of this booklet for rest of the instructions.



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PART I: PHYSICS

SECTION 1 (Maximum Marks: 28)

- This section contains SEVEN questions
- Each question has FOUR options [A], [B], [C] and [D]. ONE OR MORE THAN ONE of these four options is(are) correct
- For each question, darken the bubble(s) corresponding to all the correct option(s) in the ORS
- For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

Full Marks : +4 If only the bubble(s) corresponding to all the correct option(s)

is(are) darkened

Partial Marks : +1 For darkening a bubble corresponding to each correct option,

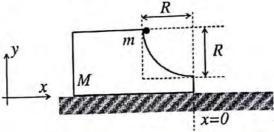
provided NO incorrect option is darkened

Zero Marks : 0 If none of the bubbles is darkened

Negative Marks : -2 In all other cases

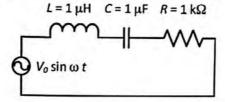
• For example, if [A], [C] and [D] are all the correct options for a question, darkening all these three will get +4 marks; darkening only [A] and [D] will get +2 marks; and darkening [A] and [B] will get -2 marks, as a wrong option is also darkened

Q.1 A block of mass M has a circular cut with a frictionless surface as shown. The block rests on the horizontal frictionless surface of a fixed table. Initially the right edge of the block is at x = 0, in a co-ordinate system fixed to the table. A point mass m is released from rest at the topmost point of the path as shown and it slides down. When the mass loses contact with the block, its position is x and the velocity is y. At that instant, which of the following options is/are correct?

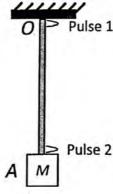


- [A] The velocity of the point mass m is: $v = \sqrt{\frac{2gR}{1 + \frac{m}{M}}}$
- [B] The velocity of the block M is: $V = -\frac{m}{M} \sqrt{2gR}$
- [C] The position of the point mass is: $x = -\sqrt{2} \frac{mR}{M+m}$
- [D] The x component of displacement of the center of mass of the block M is: $-\frac{mR}{M+m}$

Q.2 In the circuit shown, $L = 1 \mu H$, $C = 1 \mu F$ and $R = 1 k\Omega$. They are connected in series with an a.c. source $V = V_0 \sin \omega t$ as shown. Which of the following options is/are correct?



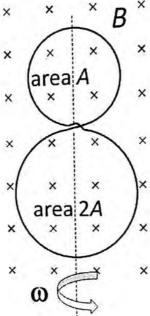
- [A] At $\omega \sim 0$ the current flowing through the circuit becomes nearly zero
- [B] At $\omega \gg 10^6$ rad. s⁻¹, the circuit behaves like a capacitor
- [C] The frequency at which the current will be in phase with the voltage is independent of R
- [D] The current will be in phase with the voltage if $\omega = 10^4$ rad. s⁻¹
- Q.3 A block M hangs vertically at the bottom end of a uniform rope of constant mass per unit length. The top end of the rope is attached to a fixed rigid support at O. A transverse wave pulse (Pulse 1) of wavelength λ_0 is produced at point O on the rope. The pulse takes time T_{OA} to reach point A. If the wave pulse of wavelength λ_0 is produced at point A (Pulse 2) without disturbing the position of M it takes time T_{AO} to reach point O. Which of the following options is/are correct?



- [A] The velocities of the two pulses (Pulse 1 and Pulse 2) are the same at the midpoint of rope
- [B] The velocity of any pulse along the rope is independent of its frequency and wavelength
- [C] The wavelength of Pulse 1 becomes longer when it reaches point A
- [D] The time $T_{AO} = T_{OA}$

- Q.4 A flat plate is moving normal to its plane through a gas under the action of a constant force F. The gas is kept at a very low pressure. The speed of the plate v is much less than the average speed u of the gas molecules. Which of the following options is/are true?
 - [A] The pressure difference between the leading and trailing faces of the plate is proportional to uv
 - [B] The plate will continue to move with constant non-zero acceleration, at all times
 - [C] At a later time the external force F balances the resistive force
 - [D] The resistive force experienced by the plate is proportional to ν

Q.7 A circular insulated copper wire loop is twisted to form two loops of area A and 2A as shown in the figure. At the point of crossing the wires remain electrically insulated from each other. The entire loop lies in the plane (of the paper). A uniform magnetic field \vec{B} each other. The entire loop lies in the plane (of the paper) about the common points into the plane of the paper. At t = 0, the loop starts rotating about the common diameter as axis with a constant angular velocity ω in the magnetic field. Which of the following options is/are correct?



- [A] The amplitude of the maximum net *emf* induced due to both the loops is equal to the amplitude of maximum *emf* induced in the smaller loop alone
- [B] The rate of change of the flux is maximum when the plane of the loops is perpendicular to plane of the paper
- [C] The net emf induced due to both the loops is proportional to $\cos \omega t$
- [D] The emf induced in the loop is proportional to the sum of the areas of the two loops

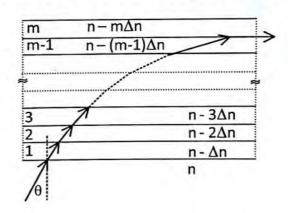
SECTION 2 (Maximum Marks: 15)

- · This section contains FIVE questions
- The answer to each question is a SINGLE DIGIT INTEGER ranging from 0 to 9, both inclusive
- · For each question, darken the bubble corresponding to the correct integer in the ORS
- For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

Full Marks : +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct answer is darkened

Zero Marks : 0 In all other cases

- Q.8 An electron in a hydrogen atom undergoes a transition from an orbit with quantum number n_i to another with quantum number n_f . V_i and V_f are respectively the initial and final potential energies of the electron. If $\frac{V_i}{V_f} = 6.25$, then the smallest possible n_f is
- Q.9 A monochromatic light is travelling in a medium of refractive index n = 1.6. It enters a stack of glass layers from the bottom side at an angle $\theta = 30^{\circ}$. The interfaces of the glass layers are parallel to each other. The refractive indices of different glass layers are monotonically decreasing as $n_m = n m\Delta n$, where n_m is the refractive index of the m^{th} slab and $\Delta n = 0.1$ (see the figure). The ray is refracted out parallel to the interface between the $(m-1)^{th}$ and m^{th} slabs from the right side of the stack. What is the value of m?



Q.10 ¹³¹I is an isotope of Iodine that β decays to an isotope of Xenon with a half-life of 8 days. A small amount of a serum labelled with ¹³¹I is injected into the blood of a person. The activity of the amount of ¹³¹I injected was 2.4×10^5 Becquerel (Bq). It is known that the injected serum will get distributed uniformly in the blood stream in less than half an hour. After 11.5 hours, 2.5 ml of blood is drawn from the person's body, and gives an activity of 115 Bq. The total volume of blood in the person's body, in liters is approximately (you may use $e^x \approx 1 + x$ for $|x| \ll 1$ and $\ln 2 \approx 0.7$).

- Q.11 A stationary source emits sound of frequency $f_0 = 492$ Hz. The sound is reflected by a large car approaching the source with a speed of 2 ms⁻¹. The reflected signal is received by the source and superposed with the original. What will be the beat frequency of the resulting signal in Hz? (Given that the speed of sound in air is 330 ms⁻¹ and the car reflects the sound at the frequency it has received).
- Q.12 A drop of liquid of radius $R = 10^{-2}$ m having surface tension $S = \frac{0.1}{4\pi}$ Nm⁻¹ divides itself into K identical drops. In this process the total change in the surface energy $\Delta U = 10^{-3}$ J. If $K = 10^{\alpha}$ then the value of α is

SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks: 18)

- This section contains SIX questions of matching type
- This section contains TWO tables (each having 3 columns and 4 rows)
- Based on each table, there are THREE questions
- Each question has FOUR options [A], [B], [C], and [D]. ONLY ONE of these four options is correct
- For each question, darken the bubble corresponding to the correct option in the ORS
- For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

Full Marks : +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct option is darkened

Zero Marks: 0 If none of the bubbles is darkened

Negative Marks: -1 In all other cases

Answer Q.13, Q.14 and Q.15 by appropriately matching the information given in the three columns of the following table.

A charged particle (electron or proton) is introduced at the origin (x = 0, y = 0, z = 0) with a given initial velocity \vec{v} . A uniform electric field \vec{E} and a uniform magnetic field \vec{B} exist everywhere. The velocity \vec{v} , electric field \vec{E} and magnetic field \vec{B} are given in columns 1, 2 and 3, respectively. The quantities E_0 , B_0 are positive in magnitude.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
(I) Electron with $\vec{v} = 2 \frac{E_0}{B_0} \hat{x}$	(i) $\vec{E} = E_0 \hat{z}$	$(P) \vec{B} = -B_0 \hat{x}$
(II) Electron with $\vec{v} = \frac{E_0}{B_0} \hat{y}$	(ii) $\overrightarrow{E} = -E_0 \hat{y}$	$(Q) \vec{B} = B_0 \hat{x}$
(III) Proton with $\vec{v} = 0$	(iii) $\vec{E} = -E_0 \hat{x}$	$(R) \vec{B} = B_0 \hat{y}$
(IV) Proton with $\vec{v} = 2 \frac{E_0}{B_0} \hat{x}$	(iv) $\vec{E} = E_0 \hat{x}$	(S) $\vec{B} = B_0 \hat{z}$

- Q.13 In which case will the particle move in a straight line with constant velocity?
 - [A] (IV) (i) (S)
- [B] (III) (ii) (R)
- [C] (III) (iii) (P)
- [D] (II) (iii) (S)
- Q.14 In which case would the particle move in a straight line along the negative direction of y-axis (i.e., move along $-\hat{y}$)?
 - [A] (III) (ii) (P)
- [B] (III) (ii) (R)
- [C] (IV) (ii) (S)
- [D] (II) (iii) (Q)
- Q.15 In which case will the particle describe a helical path with axis along the positive z direction?
 - [A] (III) (iii) (P)
- [B] (II) (ii) (R)
- [C] (IV) (ii) (R)
- [D] (IV) (i) (S)

Answer Q.16, Q.17 and Q.18 by appropriately matching the information given in the three columns of the following table.

An ideal gas is undergoing a cyclic thermodynamic process in different ways as shown in the corresponding P - V diagrams in column 3 of the table. Consider only the path from state 1 to state 2. W denotes the corresponding work done on the system. The equations and plots in the table have standard notations as used in thermodynamic processes. Here γ is the ratio of heat capacities at constant pressure and constant volume. The number of moles in the gas is n.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
(I) $W_{1\to 2} = \frac{1}{\gamma - 1} (P_2 V_2 - P_1 V_1)$	(i) Isothermal	(P)
$W_{1\to 2} = -PV_2 + PV_1$	(ii) Isochoric	(Q)
(III) $W_{1\to 2} = 0$ (IV)	(iii) Isobaric	(R)
$W_{1\to 2} = -nRT \ln(\frac{V_2}{V_1})$	(iv) Adiabatic	(S) P 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Q.16	Which of the following $\Delta U = \Delta Q - P\Delta V$?	ng options is the only	correct representation of	of a process in which
	[A] (II) (iv) (R)	[B] (III) (iii) (P)	[C] (II) (iii) (P)	[D] (II) (iii) (S)
Q.17	Which one of the fo used as a correction i	llowing options corre	ectly represents a therm f the speed of sound in	odynamic process that i an ideal gas?
	[A] (I) (iv) (Q)	[B] (III) (iv) (R)	[C] (I) (ii) (Q)	[D] (IV) (ii) (R)
Q.18	8 Which one of the fol	lowing options is the	correct combination?	
	[A] (IV) (ii) (S)	[B] (III) (ii) (S)	[C] (II) (iv) (R)	[D] (II) (iv) (P)
		END OF PAR	T I · PHYSICS	

PART II: CHEMISTRY

SECTION 1 (Maximum Marks: 28)

- This section contains SEVEN questions
- Each question has FOUR options [A], [B], [C] and [D]. ONE OR MORE THAN ONE of these four options is(are) correct
- For each question, darken the bubble(s) corresponding to all the correct option(s) in the ORS
- For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

Full Marks

: +4

If only the bubble(s) corresponding to all the correct option(s)

is(are) darkened

Partial Marks

: +1

For darkening a bubble corresponding to each correct option,

provided NO incorrect option is darkened

Zero Marks

0

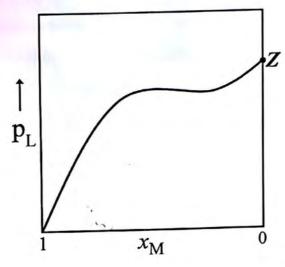
If none of the bubbles is darkened

Negative Marks: -2

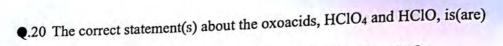
In all other cases

• For example, if [A], [C] and [D] are all the correct options for a question, darkening all these three will get +4 marks; darkening only [A] and [D] will get +2 marks; and darkening [A] and [B] will get -2 marks, as a wrong option is also darkened

Q.19 For a solution formed by mixing liquids L and M, the vapour pressure of L plotted against the mole fraction of M in solution is shown in the following figure. Here x_L and x_M represent mole fractions of L and M, respectively, in the solution. The correct statement(s) applicable to this system is(are)



- [A] The point Z represents vapour pressure of pure liquid M and Raoult's law is obeyed when $x_L \rightarrow 0$
- [B] Attractive intermolecular interactions between L-L in pure liquid L and M-M in pure liquid M are stronger than those between L-M when mixed in solution
- [C] The point Z represents vapour pressure of pure liquid L and Raoult's law is obeyed when $x_L \rightarrow 1$
- [D] The point Z represents vapour pressure of pure liquid M and Raoult's law is obeyed from $x_L = 0$ to $x_L = 1$



- [A] The conjugate base of HClO₄ is weaker base than H₂O
- [B] The central atom in both HClO₄ and HClO is sp³ hybridized
- HClO₄ is more acidic than HClO because of the resonance stabilization of its anion
- [D] HClO₄ is formed in the reaction between Cl₂ and H₂O

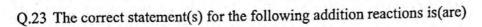
●.21 The IUPAC name(s) of the following compound is(are)

- [A] 4-chlorotoluene
- [c] 1-chloro-4-methylbenzene
- (AB) 4-methylchlorobenzene
 - [D] 1-methyl-4-chlorobenzene

Space for rough work

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- Q.22 Addition of excess aqueous ammonia to a pink coloured aqueous solution of MCl₂·6H₂O (X) and NH₄Cl gives an octahedral complex Y in the presence of air. In aqueous solution, complex Y behaves as 1:3 electrolyte. The reaction of X with excess HCl at room temperature results in the formation of a blue coloured complex Z. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of X and Z is 3.87 B.M., whereas it is zero for complex Y. Among the following options, which statement(s) is(are) correct?
 - [A] Z is a tetrahedral complex
 - [B] The hybridization of the central metal ion in Y is d²sp³
 - [C] Addition of silver nitrate to Y gives only two equivalents of silver chloride
 - [D] When X and Z are in equilibrium at 0°C, the colour of the solution is pink



(ii)
$$H_3C$$
 CH_3 $Br_2/CHCl_3$ O and P

- [A] (M and O) and (N and P) are two pairs of enantiomers
- [B] O and P are identical molecules
- [C] Bromination proceeds through trans-addition in both the reactions
- [D] (M and O) and (N and P) are two pairs of diastereomers

- Q.24 An ideal gas is expanded from (p₁, V₁, T₁) to (p₂, V₂, T₂) under different conditions. The correct statement(s) among the following is(are)
 - [A] The work done on the gas is maximum when it is compressed irreversibly from (p_2, V_2) to (p_1, V_1) against constant pressure p_1
 - [B] The change in internal energy of the gas is (i) zero, if it is expanded reversibly with $T_1 = T_2$, and (ii) positive, if it is expanded reversibly under adiabatic conditions with $T_1 \neq T_2$
 - [C] If the expansion is carried out freely, it is simultaneously both isothermal as well as adiabatic
 - [D] The work done by the gas is less when it is expanded reversibly from V₁ to V₂ under adiabatic conditions as compared to that when expanded reversibly from V₁ to V₂ under isothermal conditions
 - Q.25 The colour of the X_2 molecules of group 17 elements changes gradually from yellow to violet down the group. This is due to
 - [A] decrease in ionization energy down the group
 - [B] decrease in HOMO-LUMO gap down the group
 - [C] decrease in π^* - σ^* gap down the group
 - [D] the physical state of X₂ at room temperature changes from gas to solid down the group

SECTION 2 (Maximum Marks: 15)

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- The answer to each question is a SINGLE DIGIT INTEGER ranging from 0 to 9, both inclusive
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Full Marks: +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct answer is darkened

Zero Marks: 0 In all other cases

Q.26 The sum of the number of lone pairs of electrons on each central atom in the following species is

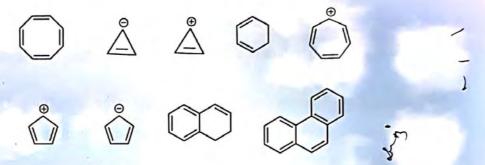
 $[TeBr_6]^{2^-}$, $[BrF_2]^+$, SNF_3 , and $[XeF_3]^-$ (Atomic numbers: N = 7, F = 9, S = 16, Br = 35, Te = 52, Xe = 54)

Q.27 The conductance of a 0.0015 M aqueous solution of a weak monobasic acid was determined by using a conductivity cell consisting of platinized Pt electrodes. The distance between the electrodes is 120 cm with an area of cross section of 1 cm². The conductance of this solution was found to be 5×10^{-7} S. The pH of the solution is 4. The value of limiting molar conductivity (Λ_m^o) of this weak monobasic acid in aqueous solution is $Z \times 10^2$ S cm⁻¹ mol⁻¹. The value of Z is

Space for rough work

Ke,

Q.28 Among the following, the number of aromatic compound(s) is



- Q.29 Among H_2 , He_2^+ , Li_2 , Be_2 , B_2 , C_2 , N_2 , O_2^- , and F_2 , the number of diamagnetic species is (Atomic numbers: H = 1, He = 2, Li = 3, Be = 4, B = 5, C = 6, N = 7, O = 8, F = 9)
- Q.30 A crystalline solid of a pure substance has a face-centred cubic structure with a cell edge of 400 pm. If the density of the substance in the crystal is 8 g cm^{-3} , then the number of atoms present in 256 g of the crystal is $N \times 10^{24}$. The value of N is

$$g = \frac{2 \times M}{a^3 \times Na}$$

$$\chi = \frac{256}{\times 6 \times 10^{23}}$$

SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks: 18)

- This section contains SIX questions of matching type
- This section contains TWO tables (each having 3 columns and 4 rows)
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Full Marks : +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct option is darkened

Zero Marks : 0 If none of the bubbles is darkened

Negative Marks: -1 In all other cases

Answer Q.31, Q.32 and Q.33 by appropriately matching the information given in the three columns of the following table.

The wave function, ψ_{n,l,m_l} is a mathematical function whose value depends upon spherical polar coordinates (r,θ,ϕ) of the electron and characterized by the quantum numbers n,l and m_l . Here r is distance from nucleus, θ is colatitude and ϕ is azimuth. In the mathematical functions given in the Table, Z is atomic number and a_o is Bohr radius.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
(I) 1s orbital	(i) $\psi_{n,l,m_l} \propto \left(\frac{Z}{a_o}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{-\left(\frac{Zr}{a_o}\right)}$	$(P) \qquad \uparrow \qquad (x)^{l_{m}l_{m}} \not \rightarrow \qquad r/a_{0} \rightarrow \qquad \uparrow$
(II) 2s orbital	(ii) One radial node	(Q) Probability density at nucleus $\alpha \frac{1}{a_a^3}$
(III) 2p _z orbital	(iii) $\psi_{n,l,m_l} \propto \left(\frac{Z}{a_o}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} r e^{-\left(\frac{Zr}{2a_o}\right)} \cos\theta$	(R) Probability density is maximum at nucleus
(IV) 3d _z ² orbital	(iv) xy-plane is a nodal plane	(S) Energy needed to excite electron from $n = 2$ state to $n = 4$ state is $\frac{27}{32}$ times the energy needed to excite electron from $n = 2$ state to $n = 6$ state

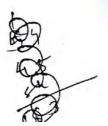
Q.31 For He⁺ ion, the only INCORRECT combination is

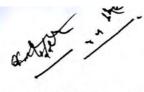
Q.32 For hydrogen atom, the only CORRECT combination is

Q.33 For the given orbital in Column 1, the only CORRECT combination for any hydrogen-like species is

Space for rough work

24/36









Answer Q.34, Q.35 and Q.36 by appropriately matching the information given in the three columns of the following table.

Columns 1, 2 and 3 contain starting materials, reaction conditions, and type of reactions, respectively.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	-
(I) Toluene	(i) NaOH/ Br ₂	(P) Condensation	_
(II) Acetophenone	(ii) Br ₂ /hv	(Q) Carboxylation	\dashv
(III) Benzaldehyde · J	(iii) (CH ₃ CO) ₂ O/ CH ₃ COOK	(R) Substitution	-
(IV) Phenol	(iv) NaOH/ CO ₂	(S) Haloform	-

Q.34 The only CORRECT combination in which the reaction proceeds through radical mechanism is

[A] (IV) (i) (Q)

[B] (I) (ii) (R)

[C] (III) (ii) (P)

[D] (II) (iii) (R)

Q.35 The only CORRECT combination that gives two different carboxylic acids is \

[A] (III) (iii) (P)

[B] (IV) (iii) (Q)

[C] (II) (iv) (R)

[D] (I) (i) (S)

Q.36 For the synthesis of benzoic acid, the only CORRECT combination is

[A] (IV) (ii) (P)

[B] (II) (i) (S)

[C] (III) (iv) (R)

[D] (I) (iv) (Q)

END OF PART II: CHEMISTRY

PART III: MATHEMATICS

SECTION 1 (Maximum Marks: 28)

- · This section contains SEVEN questions
- Each question has FOUR options [A], [B], [C] and [D]. ONE OR MORE THAN ONE of these four options is(are) correct
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is(are) darkened

Partial Marks : +1 For darkening a bubble corresponding to each correct option,

provided NO incorrect option is darkened

Zero Marks : 0 If none of the bubbles is darkened

Negative Marks : -2 In all other cases

- For example, if [A], [C] and [D] are all the correct options for a question, darkening all these three will get +4 marks; darkening only [A] and [D] will get +2 marks; and darkening [A] and [B] will get -2 marks, as a wrong option is also darkened
- Q.37 Let a, b, x and y be real numbers such that a b = 1 and $y \ne 0$. If the complex number z = x + iy satisfies $Im\left(\frac{az+b}{z+1}\right) = y$, then which of the following is(are) possible value(s) of x?

[A]
$$-1 - \sqrt{1 - y^2}$$

[B]
$$1 + \sqrt{1 + y^2}$$

[C]
$$-1 + \sqrt{1 - y^2}$$

[D]
$$1 - \sqrt{1 + y^2}$$

Q.38 Let $f: \mathbb{R} \to (0,1)$ be a continuous function. Then, which of the following function(s) has(have) the value zero at some point in the interval (0,1)?

[A]
$$e^x - \int_0^x f(t) \sin t \, dt$$

[B]
$$f(x) + \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(t) \sin t \, dt$$

[C]
$$x - \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x f(t) \cos t \, dt$$

[D]
$$x^9 - f(x)$$

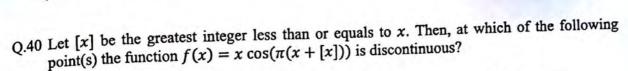
Q.39 Let X and Y be two events such that $P(X) = \frac{1}{3}$, $P(X|Y) = \frac{1}{2}$ and $P(Y|X) = \frac{2}{5}$. Then

[A] $P(Y) = \frac{4}{15}$

[B] $P(X \cup Y) = \frac{2}{5}$

 $[\mathcal{C}] P(X'|Y) = \frac{1}{2}$

[D] $P(X \cap Y) = \frac{1}{5}$



- [A] x = 1
- [B] x = -1
- [C] x = 0
- [D] x = 2

Q.41 If 2x - y + 1 = 0 is a tangent to the hyperbola $\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$, then which of the following CANNOT be sides of a right angled triangle?

- [A] a, 4, 2
- [B] a, 4, 1

= 1, then $= \frac{1}{2}, \text{ then }$ $= \frac{1}{2},$ Space for rough work $-\frac{p(x)}{p(x)} = \frac{1}{2}$

Q.42 Which of the following is(are) NOT the square of a 3×3 matrix with real entries?

$$\begin{bmatrix} A \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[B] \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[C] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[D] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

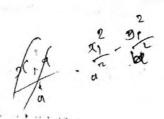
Q.43 If a chord, which is not a tangent, of the parabola $y^2 = 16x$ has the equation 2x + y = p, and midpoint (h, k), then which of the following is(are) possible value(s) of p, h and k?

[A]
$$p = -1, h = 1, k = -3$$

[B]
$$p = 2, h = 3, k = -4$$

[C]
$$p = -2, h = 2, k = -4$$

[D]
$$p = 5, h = 4, k = -3$$



SECTION 2 (Maximum Marks: 15)

This section contains FIVE questions

- The answer to each question is a SINGLE DIGIT INTEGER ranging from 0 to 9, both inclusive
- · For each question, darken the bubble corresponding to the correct integer in the ORS
- · For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

Full Marks : +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct answer is darkened

Zero Marks : 0 In all other cases

Q.44 Let $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be a differentiable function such that f(0) = 0, $f(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 3$ and f'(0) = 1. If

$$g(x) = \int_{x}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} [f'(t) \csc t - \cot t \csc t \ f(t)] dt$$

for $x \in (0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$, then $\lim_{x \to 0} g(x) =$

Q.45 Words of length 10 are formed using the letters A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J. Let x be the number of such words where no letter is repeated; and let y be the number of such words where exactly one letter is repeated twice and no other letter is repeated. Then, $\frac{y}{9x}$ =

- Q.46 The sides of a right angled triangle are in arithmetic progression. If the triangle has area 24, then what is the length of its smallest side?
- Q.47 For how many values of p, the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2x + 4y p = 0$ and the coordinate axes have exactly three common points?
- Q.48 For a real number α , if the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha & \alpha^2 \\ \alpha & 1 & \alpha \\ \alpha^2 & \alpha & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}_{5x/}$$

of linear equations, has infinitely many solutions, then $1 + \alpha + \alpha^2 =$

SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks: 18)

- · This section contains SIX questions of matching type
- This section contains TWO tables (each having 3 columns and 4 rows)
- · Based on each table, there are THREE questions
- Each question has FOUR options [A], [B], [C], and [D]. ONLY ONE of these four options is correct
- For each question, darken the bubble corresponding to the correct option in the ORS
- For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

Full Marks : +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct option is darkened

Zero Marks : 0 If none of the bubbles is darkened

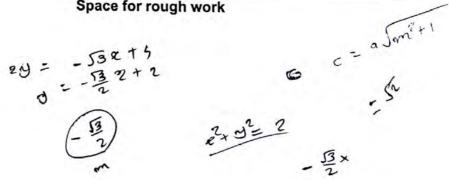
Negative Marks: -1 In all other cases

Answer Q.49, Q.50 and Q.51 by appropriately matching the information given in the three columns of the following table.

respectively. Column 1 Column 2		Column 3	
	Column 1	Column 2	
(I)	$x^2 + y^2 = a^2$	(i) $my = m^2x + a = 2$	$(P) \left(\frac{a}{m^2}, \frac{2a}{m}\right)$
(II)	$x^2 + a^2y^2 = a^2$	(ii) $y = mx + a\sqrt{m^2 + 1}$	(Q) $\left(\frac{-ma}{\sqrt{m^2+1}}, \frac{a}{\sqrt{m^2+1}}\right)$
(III)	$y^2 = 4ax$	(iii) $y = mx + \sqrt{a^2m^2 - 1}$	(R) $\left(\frac{-a^2m}{\sqrt{a^2m^2+1}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2m^2+1}}\right)$
(IV)	$x^2 - a^2y^2 = a^2$	(iv) $y = mx + \sqrt{a^2m^2 + 1}$	(S) $\left(\frac{-a^2m}{\sqrt{a^2m^2-1}}, \frac{-1}{\sqrt{a^2m^2-1}}\right)$

- Q.49 If a tangent to a suitable conic (Column 1) is found to be y = x + 8 and its point of contact is (8, 16), then which of the following options is the only CORRECT combination?
 - [A] (III) (ii) (Q)
- [B] (II) (iv) (R)
- [C] (I) (ii) (Q)
- Q.50 For $a = \sqrt{2}$, if a tangent is drawn to a suitable conic (Column 1) at the point of contact (-1, 1), then which of the following options is the only CORRECT combination for obtaining its equation?
 - [A] (I) (ii) (Q)
- [B] (III) (i) (P)
- [C] (II) (ii) (Q)
- [D] (I) (i) (P)
- Q.51 The tangent to a suitable conic (Column 1) at $(\sqrt{3}, \frac{1}{9})$ is found to be $\sqrt{3}x + 2y = 4$, then which of the following options is the only CORRECT combination?
 - [A] (<u>IV</u>) (iii) (S)
- [B] (II) (iii) (R)
- [C] (II) (iv) (R)
- [D] (IV) (iv) (S)

Space for rough work



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Answer Q.52, Q.53 and Q.54 by appropriately matching the information given in the three columns of the following table.

Let $f(x) = x + \log_e x - x \log_e x$, $x \in (0, \infty)$.

- Column 1 contains information about zeros of f(x), f'(x) and f''(x).
- Column 2 contains information about the limiting behavior of f(x), f'(x) and f''(x) at infinity.

Column 3 contains information about increasing/decreasing nature of f(x) and f'(x).

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
(I) $f(x) = 0$ for some $x \in (1, e^2)$	(i) $\lim_{x\to\infty} f(x) = 0$	(P) f is increasing in $(0, 1)$
(II) $f'(x) = 0$ for some $x \in (1, e)$	(ii) $\lim_{x\to\infty} f(x) = -\infty$	(Q) f is decreasing in (e, e^2)
(III) $f'(x) = 0$ for some $x \in (0, 1)$	(iii) $\lim_{x\to\infty} f'(x) = -\infty$	(R) f' is increasing in (0,1)
(IV) $f''(x) = 0$ for some $x \in (1, e)$	(iv) $\lim_{x\to\infty} f''(x) = 0$	(S) f' is decreasing in (e, e^2)

0.52 Which of the following options is the only CORRECT combination?

- [A] (I) (i) (P)
- [B] (IV) (iv) (S)
- [C] (III) (iii) (R)
- [D] (II) (ii) (Q)

Q.53 Which of the following options is the only INCORRECT combination?

- [A] (III) (i) (R)
- [B] (I) (iii) (P)
- [C] (II) (iii) (P)
- [D] (II) (iv) (Q)

Q.54 Which of the following options is the only CORRECT combination?

- [A] (I) (ii) (R)
- [B] (II) (iii) (S)
- [C] (III) (iv) (P)
- [D] (IV) (i) (S)

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER