

43. The division of Syriac into east and west was completed by----- century A.D.
 A) 4th B) 9th C) 1st D) 5th
44. Who is the least Hellenized Church Father?
 A) Aphrahat B) Narsai
 C) Jacob D) Theodore
45. Which is the golden age of Syriac Literature?
 A) Up to 7th century B) Arab period
 C) Up to 2nd century D) After 10th century
46. Where was the Persian school closed by Emperor Zeno situated?
 A) Nisibis B) Selucia-Ctciphon
 C) Edessa D) Alkosh
47. -----Syriac script was invented by Paul bar Arqa (Arqa of Edessa) at the beginning of the third century.
 A) Estrangela B) East
 C) Serto D) West
48. ----- was one of the important centres for Syriac literature in the Roman Empire.
 A) Selucia B) Nisibis
 C) Edessa D) Arbela
49. Syriac is included in the----- family of languages.
 A) Indo-European B) Aryan
 C) Dravidian D) Semitic
50. The present west Syriac vowel system was devised by
 A) Jacob of Serugh B) Job of Edessa
 C) Jacob of Edessa D) John of Sedre
51. The mode of writing Arabic in Syriac characters
 A) Appipa B) Karson
 C) Estrangela D) Thayaya
52. In Syriac language these three letters are called mothers of learning
 A) , a r B) m s u
 C) ܥ ܝ ܘ D) ܦ ܩ ܕ
53. The vowels used in the West Syriac are
 A) Combination of dots B) Greek capital letters
 C) Hebrew vowels D) Phoenician vowels
54. The gutturals are
 A) ܥܘܩܩ B) ܥܘܩܩ C) ܥܘܩܩ D) ܥܘܩܩ

66. Bar Hebraeus' contribution in the field of monastic literature is found in his book
 A) Ktobo d yawno B) Ktobo d Hewat Hekamto
 C) Ktobo d Boboto D) Ktobo d Tegrat Tegrotto
67. ܩܘܪܘܢܐ means
 A) Single B) Virgin
 C) Holy D) Member
68. A European classical spiritual work translated into Syriac
 A) Paradise lost B) Interior Castle
 C) Spiritual Exercises D) Imitation of Christ
69. The number of acts in the Acts of Thomas
 A) 16 B) 9
 C) 14 D) 13
70. The king of North India mentioned in the Acts of Thomas.
 A) Haban B) Karish
 C) Mazdai D) Gudnaphar
71. According to the Acts of Thomas, where did Judas and Haban arrive to attend the wedding feast?
 A) Sandaruk B) Cranganore
 C) Palayoor D) Niranam
72. The Apostle Thomas' mission to India is narrated in
 A) Gospel of Thomas B) Acts of Thomas
 C) Diatessaron D) Old syriac gospels
73. ܩܘܪܘܢܐ ܩܘܪܘܢܐ ,ܩܘܪܘܢܐ ܩܘܪܘܢܐ
 A) ܩܘܪܘܢܐ : ܩܘܪܘܢܐ B) ܩܘܪܘܢܐ : ܩܘܪܘܢܐ
 C) ܩܘܪܘܢܐ : ܩܘܪܘܢܐ D) ܩܘܪܘܢܐ : ܩܘܪܘܢܐ
74. What is the meaning of theܩܘܪܘܢܐܩܘܪܘܢܐܩܘܪܘܢܐ
 A) Twin B) Single
 C) Doubtful D) Dubious
75. Acts of Thomas was translated into English in 1818 by
 A) Payne Smith B) C.Moss
 C) Budge D) W.Wright
76. Famous Syriac writer on astronomy
 A) Dadisho B) Severus Sebokht
 C) Gabriel of Qatar D) Dashandad

77. The first known Syriac writer and philosopher who wrote ܩܘܪܕܐܢܐ ܩܘܪܕܐܢܐ
 ܩܘܪܕܐܢܐ
 A) Bardaisan B) Philip C) Aristotle D) Ephrem
78. Translation of Greek scientific, medical and philosophical writings into Syriac began in.
 A) 4th cent. B) 5th cent. C) 6th cent. D) 9th cent.
79. The first Syriac author who paid serious attention to Greek philosophy
 A) Ibn al Tayyib B) Ishobarnun
 C) Abdisho D) Sergius of Reshina
80. The founder of a family of physicians in Abbasid capital Bagdad
 A) George Bakhtishu B) Al Mansour
 C) Anusharwan D) Hippocrates
81. The east Syrian bishop who brought Christianity to China in A.D.635.
 A) Alopen B) Yeshuyab
 C) Yaballaha D) Shubalamaran
82. The importance of 1653 in the history of St.Thomas Christians of India
 A) Synod of Diamper B) Padrvado
 C) Double jurisdiction D) Coonan cross oath
83. Thomas of Cana arrived in Kerala in
 A) 453 B) 324
 C) 345 D) 543
84. Who undertook ecumenical dialogue with Muslim Caliph?
 A) Timothy I B) Yaballaha
 C) Ishoyabh II D) Yeshu Samuel
85. Churches of Syriac heritage in Kerala are
 A) 5 B) 8 C) 6 D) 7
86. Bilingual Chinese and Syriac monument of 781 is from ----- in China.
 A) Alopen B) Sian C) Peeking D) Shanghai
87. The Syriac people call the persecutions and massacres under Ottoman Turkey culminated in 1915 as the year of -----
 A) ܩܘܪܕܐܢܐ B) ܩܘܪܕܐܢܐ C) ܩܘܪܕܐܢܐ
 D) ܩܘܪܕܐܢܐ
88. The council of Nicea was officially accepted by the Church of the East in
 A) 410 B) 431 C) 451 D) 381
89. The Syrian Orthodox Patriarch of Antioch instituted the Maphriante in 629 at Tagrit and appointed ----- as the first Maphrian.

101. The form of objective suffix for 'her' is
 A) ,ܡܐ B) ,ܡܐ
 C) ,ܡ D) . ܡ
102. In Syriac 'Ⲅ' indicates
 A) Semi-colon B) End of a stanza
 C) Coma D) Lesser break
103. ܐܘܚܪܝܢܐ ܕܡܢܐ is
 A) Present tense B) Past tense
 C) Future tense D) Perfect tense
104. ܐܘܚܪܝܢܐ is
 A) 555 B) 222
 C) 234 D) 444
105. The vowel is ܐܘܚܪܝܢܐ .. ܐܘܚܪܝܢܐ
 A) . . ܐ B) .. ܐ
 C) .. ܐ D) . ,
106. The syriac word for January is
 A) , , ܐܘܚܪܝܢܐ ܕܡܢܐ B) ܡܢܐ - ܐܘܚܪܝܢܐ ܕܡܢܐ
 C) ܡܢܐ - ܐܘܚܪܝܢܐ ܕܡܢܐ D) , , ܐܘܚܪܝܢܐ - ܐܘܚܪܝܢܐ ܕܡܢܐ
107. The Old Testament Syriac translation from the Septuagint is known as
 A) Peshitta B) Syro-Hexapla
 C) Philoxenian D) Harklean
108. The harmony of the four gospels known as Diatessaron is associated with
 A) Jerome B) Justin the martyr
 C) Tatian D) Mushe bar Kipho
109. The old Syriac version of the New Testaments is known to us only from two manuscripts. They are -----
 A) Aquilla and Symmachus B) Dead sea scrolls
 C) Codex Amrosianus D) Curetonian and Sinaitic
110. ܐܘܚܪܝܢܐ ܕܡܢܐ is
 A) Deutronomy B) Exodus
 C) Genesis D) Numbers
111. For Syriac churches the authoritative form of Bible is
 A) Septuagint B) Peshitta

